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10/625,082	07/22/2003	Gary William Flake	5598/9	9457
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BROWN, I 900 THIRD	RAYSMAN, MILLS AVENUE	CHARLES, DEBRA F		
NEW YORK, NY 10022			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3624	-

DATE MAILED: 05/25/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		10/625,082	FLAKE ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
		Debra F. Charles	3624	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA asions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONEI	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 M. This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E.	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Dispositi	on of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ Applicat i 9)□ 10)□	Claim(s) 1 and 4-40 is/are pending in the application (s) 1 and 4-40 is/are pending in the application (s) 1 and 4-40 is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1 and 4-40 is/are rejected. Claim(s) 1 is/are objected to. Claim(s) 2 is/are objected to. Claim(s) 3 are subject to restriction and/or are subject to by the Examine The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on 1 is/are: a) according and a cordinate of the specification are subjected to by the Examine The drawing (s) filed on 1 is/are: a) according to the specification are subjected to by the Examine The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine The oath of	wn from consideration. r election requirement. r. epted or b) □ objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔲 Inforr	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		

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As per the attorney's letter received 3/22/2006, the 101 and 112 rejections are withdrawn.

Response to Amendment

1. Claims 1, 32, 35, and 36 have been amended. Claims 2 and 3 have been cancelled. Claim 40 has been added.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1,4,9,10,11,12,13,14,15, 20, 21,25, 28,29,30, 31, 33, 34 and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rubinstein(U.S.PAT. 5794233A) and Laage et al.(U.S.PUB. 2002/0138445A1).

Re claim 1: Rubinstein disclose a method for allowing transactions in instruments, the method comprising defining a set of one or more term-

based concepts, each of the concepts comprising a set of one or more terms, the terms being usable in computerized searches(Abstract, col. 3, lines 1-45), and

each of the concepts being capable of being valued based on a set of one or more parameters(col. 6, lines 50-67).

Rubinstein disclose(s) the claimed invention except allowing transactions in a set of one or more instruments. However, in Abstract, para. 0070, 0071 thereof, Laage et al. disclose(s) an instrument for a transaction. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Rubinstein based on the teachings of Laage et al. The motivation to combine these references is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of transactions based on terms that combine to equal a concept.

Re claim 4: Rubinstein disclose(s) defining each of the concepts such that each of the terms of the concept relates to a theme(Abstract, col. 3, lines 1-45).

Re claim 11: Rubinstein disclose defining each of the concepts such that each of the terms comprises at least one of a character, a character string,

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a letter, a word, a phrase, an abbreviation, a sentence, and a symbol(Abstract, col. 3, lines 1-30, col. 7, lines 1-20, col. 8, lines 1-40, col. 13, line 55-col. 14, line 15).

Re claims 12 and 13: Rubinstein disclose defining terms by manual selection(col. 3, lines 1-30, col. 9, lines 10-20), and defining terms using a computer algorithm(col. 8, lines 60-67).

Re claims 14 and 15: Rubinstein disclose comprising defining terms using at least one of a clustering algorithm, a machine learning algorithm, an automatic naming algorithm, and an artificial intelligence-based algorithm.

And comprising defining terms using a combination of manual selection and use of a computer algorithm(col. 8, lines 60-67).

Re claims 9,10 and 25: Rubinstein disclose(s) the claimed invention except buying and selling of one or more of the instruments by users of the networked computer system and allowing transactions including exchanging one or more of the instruments for value; and denominating the payoff of one or more of the instruments in at least one of money, currency,

fake money, fake currency, game money, game currency, coupons, credits, discounts, certificates, goods, services, and rights. However, in Abstract, para. 0070, 0071 thereof, Laage et al. disclose(s) an instrument for a transaction, and where the instrument is money. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Rubinstein based on the teachings of Laage et al. The motivation to combine these references is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of transactions based on terms that combine to equal a concept.

Re claims 20 and 21: Rubinstein disclose valuing concepts based on parameters associated with use of terms of the concept as search terms in one or more search engines or search portals. And comprising valuing a concept based on values of one or more measures of future economic value of at least one of the concept and one or more terms of the concept(Abstract, col. 18, lines 40-col. 19, lines 20 and claim 8, where economic value is determined by the statistical probability that the query will create a match).

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Re claims 28, 29, 30, 31: Rubinstein disclose obtaining the one or more terms from a set or one or more terms obtained from a search engine system. And obtaining the one or more terms from a set of one or more search terms used in one or more computerized searches.

And selecting the one or more terms from a set of one or more search terms used in one or more computerized searches. And comprising deriving the one or more terms from a set of one or more search terms used in one or more computerized searches(Abstract, col. 5, lines 35-65, col. 6, lines 30-67).

Re claim 33: Rubinstein disclose a networked computer system (col. 7, lines 35-67)the system comprising:

one or more client computers connectable to a network (col. 7, lines 35-67), and one or more server computers, connectable to the network(col. 7, lines 35-67), each of the concepts comprising a set of one or more terms(Abstract, col. 3, lines 1-45), the terms being usable in computerized searches, and each of the concepts being capable of being valued based on a set of one or more parameters(col. 6, lines 50-67).

Rubinstein disclose(s) the claimed invention except allowing transactions in a set of one or more instruments for facilitating transactions in instruments using the client computers, each of the instruments being associated with one or more concepts. However, in Abstract, para. 0070, 0071 thereof, Laage et al. disclose(s) an instrument for a transaction, a network for transactions, and financial instruments associated with one or more ideas. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Rubinstein based on the teachings of Laage et al. The motivation to combine these references is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of transactions based on terms that combine to equal a concept.

Re claim 34: Rubinstein discloses the claimed invention except one or more databases connectable to the network, for storing information relating to the concepts, the financial instruments, and the parameters. However, in Abstract, para. 0072, thereof Laage et al. disclose databases and financial instruments. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Rubinstein based on the teachings of Laage et al. The motivation to combine these references is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of transactions based on terms that combine to equal a concept.

8. Claims 5, 6, 7, 8, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 26 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rubinstein and Laage et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Davis et al.

Re claims 5,6,7 and 8: Rubinstein and Laage et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except an advertising value, based on Pay-for-performance data, based on one or more measures of demand for the concept as a search-based advertising vehicle, and clicks in a pay per click search-based advertising system. However, in Abstract, col. 4, line 60-col. 5, line 35, col. 6, line 35-col. 7, line 15, thereof Davis et al. disclose pay-for-performance data along with pay per click data, and advertising on the web. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Rubinstein and Laage et al. based on the teachings of Davis et al. The motivation to combine these references is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of responses to advertising on the web.

Re claims 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 24, 26 and 27: Rubinstein and Laage et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except allowing betting transactions,

wherein bets relate to present or future values of concepts; allowing betting transactions including at least one of odds bets, line bets, and pari-mutuel bets; and basing a payoff value of a bet on at least one of a future value of the concept and a demand associated with the bet. And valuing a concept based on Internet pay per click auction data relating to one or more terms of the concept, the Internet pay per click auction data comprises at least one of total revenue generated over a period of time for one or more terms, average revenue over a period of time for one or more terms, median revenue over a period of time for one or more terms, and a median clicked price. One or more measures relate to at least one of advertising data, business data, and consumer data. However, in the Abstract, col. 5, lines 1-col. 6, line 35, thereof Davis et al. disclose a bidding situation along with the pay-for-performance, click data, revenue generated, and advertising data. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Rubinstein and Laage et al. based on the teachings of Davis et al. The motivation to combine these references is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of responses to advertising on the web.

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9. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rubinstein and Laage et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Conklin et al.(U.S.PUB. 2002/0091621A1).

Re claim 16: Rubinstein and Laage et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except allowing transactions in instruments that are or are modeled after financial securities. However, in the Abstract, para. 0009, 0010 thereof, Conklin et al. disclose transactions in instruments modeled after a financial security. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Rubinstein and Laage et al. based on the teachings of Conklin et al. The motivation to combine these references is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of transactions in financial instruments.

10. Claim 32 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rubinstein, Laage et al. and Davis et al.

Re claim 32: Rubinstein disclose a method for allowing transactions in instruments on a networked computer system(col. 7, lines 35-67), the method comprising:

defining a set of one or more term-based concepts (Abstract, col. 3, lines 1-45), each of the concepts comprising a set of one or more terms determined using one or more computer algorithms (col. 8, lines 60-67), the terms being usable in computerized searches (Abstract, col. 3, lines 1-45), and each of the concepts being capable of being valued based on a set of one or more parameters (col. 6, lines 50-67) and using the networked computer system (col. 7, lines 35-67), and each of the instruments being capable of being valued based on the value of the associated one or more concepts (Abstract, col. 3, lines 1-30, col. 7, lines 1-20, col. 8, lines 1-40, col. 13, line 55-col. 14, line 15).

Rubinstein disclose(s) the claimed invention except allowing transactions in a set of one or more instruments, each of the instruments being associated with one or more of the concepts. However, in Abstract, para. 0070, 0071 thereof, Laage et al. disclose(s) an instrument for a transaction. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of

Rubinstein based on the teachings of Laage et al. The motivation to combine these references is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of transactions based on terms that combine to equal a concept.

Rubinstein and Laage et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except for determining an advertising value of each of the concepts. However, in Abstract, col. 4, line 60-col. 5, line 35, col. 6, line 35-col. 7, line 15, thereof Davis et al. disclose pay-for-performance data along with pay per click data, and advertising on the web. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Rubinstein and Laage et al. based on the teachings of Davis et al. The motivation to combine these references is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of responses to advertising on the web.

11. Claim 35 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rubinstein and Laage et al.

Re claim 35: Rubinstein disclose a computer usable medium storing program code which(Fig. 4, items 403, 404 and 405), when executed on a

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computerized device(col. 7, lines 35-67), causes the computerized device to execute a method for defining a set of one or more concepts, each of the concepts comprising a set of one or more terms, the terms being usable in computerized searches, and each of the concepts being capable of being valued based on a set pf one or more parameters, and using the networked computer system, each of the instruments being associated with one or more of the concepts(Abstract, col. 3, lines 1-30, col. 7, lines 1-20, col. 8, lines 1-40, col. 13, line 55-col. 14, line 15).

Rubinstein disclose(s) the claimed invention except allowing transactions in a set of one or more instruments and each of the instruments being capable of being valued based on the value of the associated one or more concepts. However, in Abstract, para. 0070, 0071 thereof, Laage et al. disclose(s) an instrument for a transaction. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Rubinstein based on the teachings of Laage et al. The motivation to combine these references is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of transactions based on terms that combine to equal a concept.

12. Claims 36 – 39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Laage et al. and Rubinstein.

Re claim 36: Laage et al. disclose in a computerized system for allowing transactions in instruments, the instruments being capable of being valued based on values of term-based concepts(Abstract, para. 0070, 0071).

Laage et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except terms of the concepts being useable in computerized searches, a method for determining terms of a term-based concept, the method comprising: determining a label for the concept, and determining a set of one or more terms of the concept; wherein at least one of determining the identifying label and determining a set of one or more terms is performed with one or more computer algorithms. However, in the col. 7, lines 35-67, Abstract, col. 3, lines 1-45, col. 8, lines 60-67, col. 6, lines 50-67, Abstract, col. 3, lines 1-30, col. 7, lines 1-20, col. 8, lines 1-40, col. 13, line 55-col. 14, line 15, thereof Rubinstein discloses word-related searches based on concepts in a network environment. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Laage et al. based on the teachings of Rubinstein.

The motivation to combine these references is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of transactions based on terms that combine to equal a concept.

Re claims 37, 38 and 39: Laage et al. disclose(s) the claimed invention except wherein the one or more computer algorithms determine the label, one or more computer algorithms determine the one or more terms, and computer algorithms comprise at least one of a clustering algorithm, a machine learning algorithm, and an artificial intelligence algorithm.

However in col. 8, lines 60-67, Rubinstein discloses algorithm. It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention of Laage et al. based on the teachings of Rubinstein. The motivation to combine these references is to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of transactions based on terms that combine to equal a concept.

1. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final

action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Debra F. Charles whose telephone number is (571) 272 6791. The examiner can normally be reached on 9-5 Monday thru Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vincent A. Millin can be reached on (571) 272 6747. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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(EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Debra F. Charles

Examiner

Art Unit 3624

VINCENT MILLIN
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600

Vines Wille